

WHAT IS MUNICIPALIZATION?

Municipalization is the process of a city acquiring a private utility and establishing a public power utility (also known as a municipal power utility). Public power utilities are community-owned, not-for-profit electric utilities. They provide safe, reliable, low-cost electricity to more than 49 million ratepayers across the country, while protecting the environment.¹ Other more familiar examples of municipalized utilities are public works, water, and sewer. There are 2,000 communities across the U.S. that get electricity from a public power utility, including major cities such as Austin, Nashville, Los Angeles, and Seattle, small towns and the Navajo nation, and over 40 municipalities in Michigan. Together, these utilities serve 1 in 7 electricity customers across the U.S. and operate in 49 states.²

OUR VALUES

Ann Arbor for Public Power's goal is to **Democratize**, **Decommodify**, and **Decarbonize** our energy sources.³ We see a public power utility fulfilling this goal in five distinct ways:

1. **Local Control**

Public power utilities are owned by the community and run by local government.¹ They allow residents to have a *direct voice* in decision-making, including rates and sources of electricity.

2. **Affordable Rates**

Public power utilities provide electricity to customers (both homes and businesses) at lower rates than private, investor-owned utilities. Across the U.S., residential public power utility customers paid rates that were 14% less than those of private utilities.⁴

3. **Reliability**

Public power utility customers lose power less often. They are likely to be without power for just 74 minutes a year, whereas customers of private utilities are likely to lose power for an average of 136 minutes a year.¹

4. **Invested in Community**

Public power utilities are embedded in their communities and employ 93,000 people in local jobs across the U.S. They give 33% more of their revenues back to the community than private utilities. Our goal is to prioritize local, union labor.⁵

5. **Environmentally Responsible**

From 2005 to 2017, public power utilities reduced CO₂ emissions by 33%, far outpacing private utilities. In 2017, more than 40% of power generated by public utilities was from non-carbon emitting sources.⁶

¹ <https://mmeanet.org/public-power/>

² <https://mmeanet.org/about-mmea/>

³ <https://socialistforum.dsausa.org/issues/winter-2019/take-back-the-grid-dsa-and-the-fight-for-energy-democracy/>

⁴ <https://www.publicpower.org/sites/default/files/inline-images/2019-Public-Power-is-Affordable-Infographic-Map-3-7-19.jpg>

⁵ https://www.publicpower.org/system/files/documents/municipalization-public_power_for_your_community.pdf

⁶ <https://www.publicpower.org/resource/public-power-pays-back>

⁶ <https://www.publicpower.org/system/files/documents/Public-Power-Emissions-Reduction.pdf>

DTE IS NOT THE SOLUTION

- **DTE is an investor-owned utility.** The interests of DTE's profit-seeking shareholders are not aligned with those of the rate-paying community (who seek affordable and power from clean and renewable sources).
- **DTE has a dirty power mix.** As of 12/31/2019, 59% of DTE's energy is from burning coal; only 7% wind and solar.⁷ The average utility only uses 23.4% coal.⁸
- **DTE continues to invest in natural gas and pipelines, both in MI and elsewhere.** DTE finalized a \$2.7B investment in shale gas infrastructure in Dec. 2019, and has a new \$1B natural gas plant coming online in St. Clair in 2022. Had this \$1B been invested instead in renewables, DTE could have grown their renewable energy portfolio from 11 to 24 percent.⁹ DTE policies to not account for the urgency of the climate crisis.
- **DTE is expensive.** DTE's residential electric rate of 17.51 cents/kWh is 32% higher than the U.S. average (13.28 cents).¹⁰ Monopoly utilities like DTE overcharged millions of U.S. ratepayers in the Midwest at least \$350 million in 2018 by selling them power from coal plants instead of from lower-cost, cleaner sources.¹¹
- **DTE is an aggressive political player.** Both CCA and municipalization pose a risk to DTE's bottom line. Ann Arbor's current carbon neutrality plan relies upon CCA to decarbonize the electric grid (linked to 50% of our emissions), *but state law currently prohibits this practice*, posing a formidable hurdle to the A2Zero strategy.¹² DTE spent \$94,700 on statewide lobbying efforts in the first six months of 2020;¹³ with a Republican controlled legislature in MI, getting CCA legalization passed is anything but a sure bet. Municipalization is already legal!

MUNICIPALIZATION IS THE WAY FORWARD

- The **A²Zero plan** of Ann Arbor gives a path to Carbon Neutrality by 2030.
- Municipalization will help us get there, because we will be **Cutting DTE out of the picture.**
- The current plan to reduce emissions is called Community Choice aggregation (CCA).
 - CCA needs to be passed in Lansing and doesn't go as far as municipalization
 - Even if we get CCA passed, we will still be reliant on DTE's infrastructure
- With a municipal utility, we don't rely on DTE's dirty fossil fuel power; we can create our own renewable energy by investing in wind and solar in Ann Arbor.
- **Municipalization is a legal process that is already outlined** in Article VII, Section 25 of the Michigan Constitution. CCA requires a change in the law.
- We don't need Lansing's approval to pass Municipalization, we put it to a vote in Ann Arbor.
- Municipalization can provide stable, union jobs for Ann Arbor.
- A municipal utility will give us the power to make electricity Cheaper and more Reliable
- **A2 Municipalization is a "tipping point" for promoting energy democracy across MI, especially for those communities that might not have the resources to afford Municipalization on their own.**

⁷ [DTE Energy 10-K for fiscal year 2019](#), page 10

⁸ <https://www.eia.gov/tools/faqs/faq.php?id=427&t=3>

⁹ <https://www.craigslist.com/article/20180427/news/659251/dte-gets-approval-to-build-1-billion-gas-fired-power-plant-in-st-clair>

¹⁰ <https://www.chooseenergy.com/electricity-rates-by-state/>

¹¹ <https://www.ucsusa.org/about/news/midwest-utilities-exploited-rules-misuse-coal-plants-fleeing-consumers-out-350-million>

¹² <https://www.mlive.com/news/ann-arbor/2020/04/state-law-a-hurdle-for-ann-arbors-100-renewable-energy-plan.html>

¹³ <http://michigan.gov/sos>

CALL TO ACTION

Step 1: Show up at the Energy Commission Meetings

Ann Arbor for Public Power is speaking at the Energy Commission meeting on Tuesday, **November 9th @ 6pm**. The meeting agenda will be posted on the [City of Ann Arbor legistar](#).

Watch via CTN: <https://ctnvideo.a2gov.org/CablecastPublicSite/watch/3?channel=1>

Step 2: Give a Public Comment

Public Comment is open at the beginning (~**6:00pm**) and at the end (~**7:45pm - though likely later this week if there is a significant amount of public comments**) of the Energy Commission Meetings.

Call-in information will be provided on the agenda on the [City of Ann Arbor legistar](#). Chair Mirsky will also read aloud the numbers at the beginning of each public comment period. Please check back to make sure the numbers remain the same.

To make a public comment (no more than 3 minutes):

1. **Call US: +1 206 337 9723** or +1 213 338 8477 or 877 853 5247 (Toll Free) or 888 788 0099 (Toll Free)
2. Enter Meeting ID: **937 6751 6819**
3. Press ***9** to 'raise your hand'
4. You will be identified by the last four digits of your phone number when it is your turn to speak.

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